

1-Ammonio-1-phosphonopentane-1-phosphonic acid

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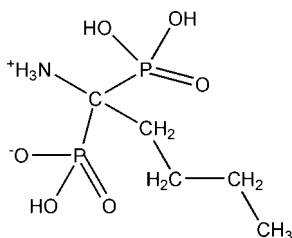
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.028; wR factor = 0.072; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.3.

The title compound, $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_6\text{P}_2$, was obtained by the reaction of pentanenitrile with PCl_3 followed by the dropwise addition of water. The asymmetric unit contains one molecule, which exists as a zwitterion with a positive charge on the $-\text{NH}_3^+$ group and a negative charge on one of the phosphonic O atoms. The crystal structure displays $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonding, which creates a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For the biological activity of organic disphosphonic acids, see: Matczak-Jon & Videnova-Adrabsinska (2005); Szabo *et al.* (2002); Tromelin *et al.* (1986). For comparable bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_5\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_6\text{P}_2$

$M_r = 247.12$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 14.5502$ (3) Å
 $b = 7.1896$ (1) Å
 $c = 9.4855$ (2) Å
 $\beta = 96.938$ (1)°
 $V = 985.01$ (3) Å³

$Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.45$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ (2) K
 $0.38 \times 0.36 \times 0.09$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD
area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.848$, $T_{\max} = 0.961$

23409 measured reflections
2471 independent reflections
2225 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.072$
 $S = 1.06$
2471 reflections
152 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.44$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.32$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{O4}^{\text{i}}$	0.84 (2)	2.02 (2)	2.7584 (16)	146.7 (19)
$\text{N1}-\text{H2N}\cdots\text{O5}^{\text{ii}}$	0.91 (2)	1.88 (2)	2.7799 (16)	169.4 (19)
$\text{N1}-\text{H3N}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.88 (2)	1.99 (2)	2.8451 (16)	162.9 (18)
$\text{O1}-\text{H1O}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.79 (2)	1.85 (3)	2.6297 (15)	167 (3)
$\text{O3}-\text{H3O}\cdots\text{O5}^{\text{iii}}$	0.79 (3)	1.70 (3)	2.4884 (15)	175 (3)
$\text{O6}-\text{H6O}\cdots\text{O4}^{\text{iv}}$	0.83 (3)	1.72 (3)	2.5372 (14)	168 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: EZZ2151).

References

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Szabo, C. M., Martin, M. B. & Oldfield, E. (2002). *J. Med. Chem.* **45**, 2894–2903.
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supplementary materials

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1-Ammonio-1-phosphonopentane-1-phosphonic acid

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Comment

Organic diphosphonic acids are potentially very powerful chelating agents used in metal extractions and have been tested by the pharmaceutical industry for use as efficient drugs preventing calcification and inhibiting bone resorption (Tromelin *et al.*, 1986, Matczak-Jon & Videnova-Adrabska, 2005). Diphosphonic acids are used in the treatment of Paget disease, osteoporosis and tumoral osteolysis (Szabo *et al.*, 2002).

The asymmetric unit of the title compound contains one molecule, which exists as a zwitterion with positive and negative charges on the NH_3 group and one of the phosphonic oxygen atoms, respectively. The phosphorus atoms display slightly distorted tetrahedral geometries, each provided by three oxygen atoms and one carbon atom. Bond lengths and angles have normal values (Allen *et al.*, 1987).

There are no solvent water molecules in the asymmetric unit, which is unusual for α -aminodiphosphonic acids. This fact can be explained by the presence of the hydrophobic alkyl group. The structure is stabilized by a three-dimensional $\text{O}—\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{N}—\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonding network (Fig. 1, Table 1).

Experimental

Dry hydrogen chloride at about 278 K was brought into contact with the surface of a mixture of pentanenitrile (83.13 g, 1 mol) and PCl_3 (87.4 ml, 1 mol). After an hour water (54 ml, 3 mol) was added to the mixture dropwise. After a day the solution was treated by an excess amount of water and then vacuum distilled. The obtained solution was treated by a mixture of acetone and diethyl ether, yielding colourless crystals of the title compound.

Refinement

H atoms bonded to O and N atoms were located in a difference map. Other H atoms bonded to C atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with $\text{C}—\text{H} = 0.98 \text{ \AA}$ for CH_3 [$U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$] and $\text{C}—\text{H} = 0.99 \text{ \AA}$ for CH_2 [$U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$]

Figures

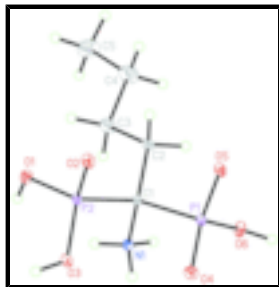


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound showing the atom-labelling scheme and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids for the non-hydrogen atoms.

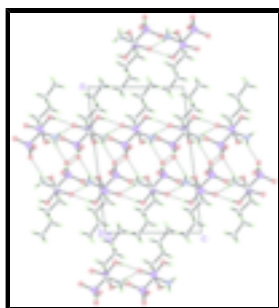


Fig. 2. Crystal packing of the title compound; projection along *b* axis. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds.

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Crystal data

$C_5H_{15}NO_6P_2$

$M_r = 247.12$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2ybc$

$a = 14.5502\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 7.1896\ (1)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 9.4855\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 96.938\ (1)^\circ$

$V = 985.01\ (3)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F_{000} = 520$

$D_x = 1.666\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point: 562 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 8806 reflections

$\theta = 2.8\text{--}28.4^\circ$

$\mu = 0.45\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100\ (2)\ \text{K}$

Plate, colourless

$0.38 \times 0.36 \times 0.09\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

$T = 100\ (2)\ \text{K}$

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.848$, $T_{\max} = 0.961$

2471 independent reflections

2225 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.4^\circ$

$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.8^\circ$

$h = -19 \rightarrow 19$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$

23409 measured reflections

$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Least-squares matrix: full

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

$wR(F^2) = 0.072$

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0317P)^2 + 0.8863P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$S = 1.06$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

2471 reflections

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.44 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

152 parameters

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
P1	0.39648 (2)	0.07886 (5)	0.68586 (4)	0.00647 (9)
P2	0.28775 (2)	-0.24846 (5)	0.54892 (4)	0.00680 (9)
C1	0.30732 (9)	0.00397 (19)	0.54146 (14)	0.0067 (3)
C2	0.21901 (10)	0.1205 (2)	0.55184 (15)	0.0100 (3)
H2A	0.1914	0.0778	0.6366	0.012*
H2B	0.2383	0.2514	0.5692	0.012*
C3	0.14290 (10)	0.1183 (2)	0.42611 (16)	0.0139 (3)
H3A	0.1698	0.1489	0.3380	0.017*
H3B	0.1157	-0.0079	0.4153	0.017*
C4	0.06761 (12)	0.2576 (3)	0.4478 (2)	0.0239 (4)
H4A	0.0485	0.2381	0.5434	0.029*
H4B	0.0939	0.3844	0.4457	0.029*
C5	-0.01700 (12)	0.2475 (3)	0.3401 (2)	0.0238 (4)
H5A	0.0005	0.2714	0.2452	0.036*
H5B	-0.0620	0.3411	0.3624	0.036*
H5C	-0.0447	0.1234	0.3424	0.036*

supplementary materials

N1	0.34540 (9)	0.04748 (18)	0.40433 (12)	0.0075 (2)
O1	0.20552 (7)	-0.29755 (15)	0.43309 (11)	0.0103 (2)
O2	0.26347 (7)	-0.29945 (15)	0.69151 (10)	0.0105 (2)
O3	0.37688 (7)	-0.33350 (15)	0.50568 (11)	0.0102 (2)
O4	0.48097 (7)	-0.03933 (15)	0.68442 (11)	0.0106 (2)
O5	0.35286 (7)	0.08211 (14)	0.82242 (10)	0.0092 (2)
O6	0.41170 (7)	0.28091 (15)	0.63361 (11)	0.0103 (2)
H1N	0.4006 (14)	0.015 (3)	0.406 (2)	0.015 (5)*
H2N	0.3439 (14)	0.172 (3)	0.387 (2)	0.022 (5)*
H3N	0.3141 (13)	-0.009 (3)	0.331 (2)	0.014 (5)*
H1O	0.2192 (17)	-0.283 (4)	0.356 (3)	0.032 (6)*
H3O	0.3713 (18)	-0.416 (4)	0.450 (3)	0.040 (7)*
H6O	0.4518 (18)	0.340 (4)	0.684 (3)	0.046 (8)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
P1	0.00764 (16)	0.00625 (17)	0.00532 (16)	-0.00016 (12)	-0.00004 (12)	-0.00001 (12)
P2	0.00865 (17)	0.00661 (17)	0.00509 (16)	-0.00071 (12)	0.00064 (12)	-0.00014 (12)
C1	0.0075 (6)	0.0081 (6)	0.0045 (6)	0.0003 (5)	0.0007 (5)	0.0000 (5)
C2	0.0085 (6)	0.0107 (7)	0.0107 (6)	0.0022 (5)	0.0010 (5)	-0.0017 (5)
C3	0.0119 (7)	0.0176 (8)	0.0114 (7)	0.0050 (6)	-0.0014 (5)	-0.0005 (6)
C4	0.0146 (8)	0.0292 (10)	0.0264 (9)	0.0094 (7)	-0.0043 (7)	-0.0081 (7)
C5	0.0140 (7)	0.0316 (10)	0.0249 (9)	0.0078 (7)	-0.0024 (6)	0.0026 (7)
N1	0.0082 (6)	0.0087 (6)	0.0058 (5)	-0.0007 (4)	0.0011 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
O1	0.0113 (5)	0.0123 (5)	0.0070 (5)	-0.0025 (4)	0.0002 (4)	-0.0008 (4)
O2	0.0142 (5)	0.0105 (5)	0.0068 (4)	-0.0006 (4)	0.0018 (4)	0.0006 (4)
O3	0.0116 (5)	0.0083 (5)	0.0109 (5)	0.0009 (4)	0.0022 (4)	-0.0026 (4)
O4	0.0095 (5)	0.0122 (5)	0.0096 (5)	0.0026 (4)	-0.0004 (4)	-0.0001 (4)
O5	0.0123 (5)	0.0087 (5)	0.0067 (4)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0016 (4)	-0.0003 (4)
O6	0.0134 (5)	0.0079 (5)	0.0089 (5)	-0.0031 (4)	-0.0007 (4)	0.0013 (4)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

P1—O4	1.4959 (10)	C3—H3A	0.9900
P1—O5	1.5099 (10)	C3—H3B	0.9900
P1—O6	1.5593 (11)	C4—C5	1.504 (2)
P1—C1	1.8492 (14)	C4—H4A	0.9900
P2—O2	1.4846 (10)	C4—H4B	0.9900
P2—O3	1.5337 (11)	C5—H5A	0.9800
P2—O1	1.5639 (10)	C5—H5B	0.9800
P2—C1	1.8398 (14)	C5—H5C	0.9800
C1—N1	1.5070 (17)	N1—H1N	0.84 (2)
C1—C2	1.5471 (19)	N1—H2N	0.91 (2)
C2—C3	1.5264 (19)	N1—H3N	0.88 (2)
C2—H2A	0.9900	O1—H1O	0.79 (2)
C2—H2B	0.9900	O3—H3O	0.79 (3)
C3—C4	1.517 (2)	O6—H6O	0.83 (3)

O4—P1—O5	116.59 (6)	C2—C3—H3A	109.5
O4—P1—O6	112.20 (6)	C4—C3—H3B	109.5
O5—P1—O6	110.42 (6)	C2—C3—H3B	109.5
O4—P1—C1	109.37 (6)	H3A—C3—H3B	108.1
O5—P1—C1	108.06 (6)	C5—C4—C3	114.90 (15)
O6—P1—C1	98.61 (6)	C5—C4—H4A	108.5
O2—P2—O3	116.57 (6)	C3—C4—H4A	108.5
O2—P2—O1	109.77 (6)	C5—C4—H4B	108.5
O3—P2—O1	108.78 (6)	C3—C4—H4B	108.5
O2—P2—C1	109.49 (6)	H4A—C4—H4B	107.5
O3—P2—C1	104.08 (6)	C4—C5—H5A	109.5
O1—P2—C1	107.72 (6)	C4—C5—H5B	109.5
N1—C1—C2	109.71 (11)	H5A—C5—H5B	109.5
N1—C1—P2	108.22 (9)	C4—C5—H5C	109.5
C2—C1—P2	113.48 (10)	H5A—C5—H5C	109.5
N1—C1—P1	106.30 (9)	H5B—C5—H5C	109.5
C2—C1—P1	107.99 (9)	C1—N1—H1N	112.5 (13)
P2—C1—P1	110.90 (7)	C1—N1—H2N	111.0 (13)
C3—C2—C1	118.31 (12)	H1N—N1—H2N	106.4 (19)
C3—C2—H2A	107.7	C1—N1—H3N	112.3 (12)
C1—C2—H2A	107.7	H1N—N1—H3N	106.5 (18)
C3—C2—H2B	107.7	H2N—N1—H3N	107.9 (18)
C1—C2—H2B	107.7	P2—O1—H1O	111.4 (17)
H2A—C2—H2B	107.1	P2—O3—H3O	117.1 (19)
C4—C3—C2	110.76 (13)	P1—O6—H6O	114.5 (19)
C4—C3—H3A	109.5		
O2—P2—C1—N1	171.72 (8)	O4—P1—C1—C2	176.54 (9)
O3—P2—C1—N1	46.42 (10)	O5—P1—C1—C2	48.68 (11)
O1—P2—C1—N1	-68.96 (10)	O6—P1—C1—C2	-66.19 (10)
O2—P2—C1—C2	-66.27 (11)	O4—P1—C1—P2	51.62 (9)
O3—P2—C1—C2	168.44 (9)	O5—P1—C1—P2	-76.24 (8)
O1—P2—C1—C2	53.05 (11)	O6—P1—C1—P2	168.90 (7)
O2—P2—C1—P1	55.49 (9)	N1—C1—C2—C3	50.75 (17)
O3—P2—C1—P1	-69.81 (8)	P2—C1—C2—C3	-70.43 (15)
O1—P2—C1—P1	174.81 (7)	P1—C1—C2—C3	166.21 (11)
O4—P1—C1—N1	-65.79 (10)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-173.11 (14)
O5—P1—C1—N1	166.35 (9)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-171.76 (15)
O6—P1—C1—N1	51.49 (10)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1N \cdots O4 ⁱ	0.84 (2)	2.02 (2)	2.7584 (16)	146.7 (19)
N1—H2N \cdots O5 ⁱⁱ	0.91 (2)	1.88 (2)	2.7799 (16)	169.4 (19)
N1—H3N \cdots O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.88 (2)	1.99 (2)	2.8451 (16)	162.9 (18)
O1—H1O \cdots O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.79 (2)	1.85 (3)	2.6297 (15)	167 (3)
O3—H3O \cdots O5 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.79 (3)	1.70 (3)	2.4884 (15)	175 (3)
O6—H6O \cdots O4 ^{iv}	0.83 (3)	1.72 (3)	2.5372 (14)	168 (3)

supplementary materials

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$; (iii) $x, -y-1/2, z-1/2$; (iv) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$.

Fig. 1

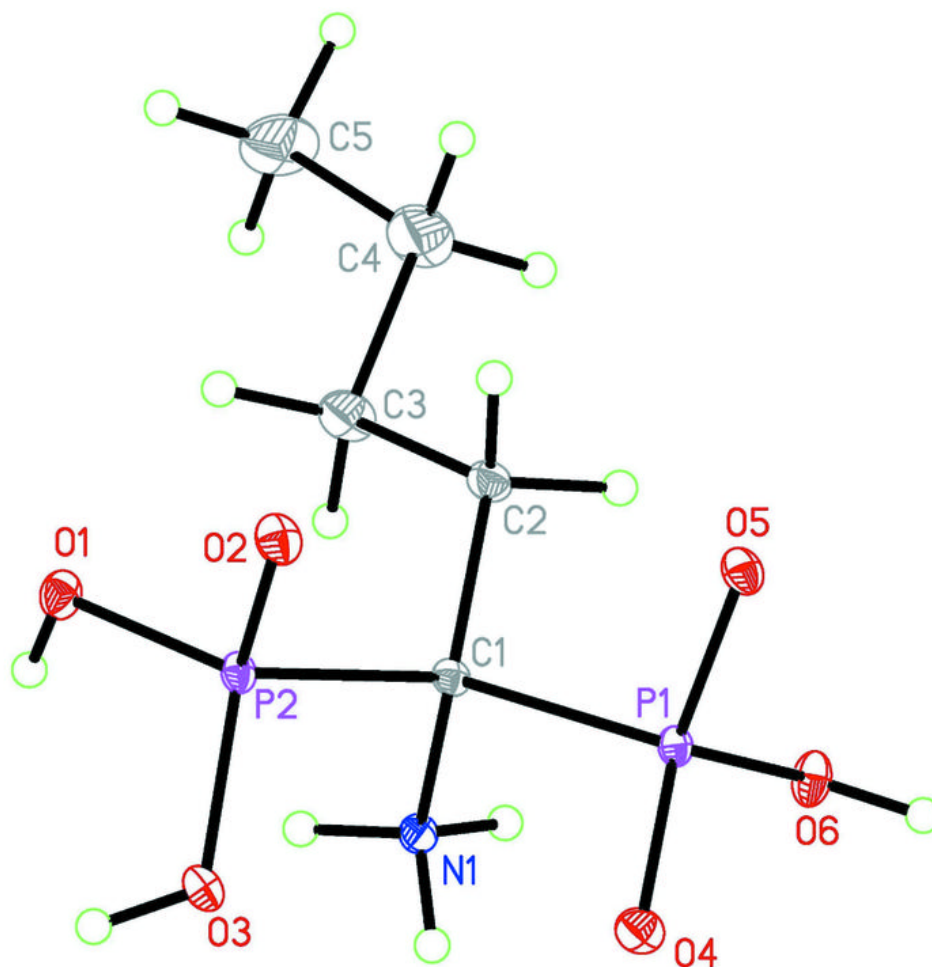


Fig. 2

